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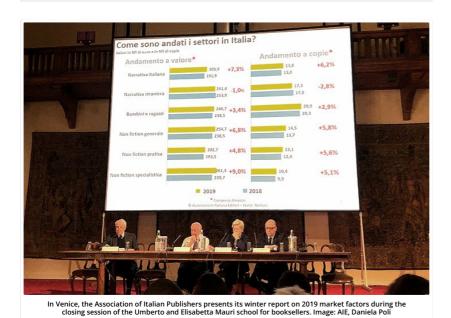
Italian Market Report: Online Sales Rising, 18App Bonus Declining

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The Italian book market is bracing for 'significant impact' as Rome's €500 cultural bonus for teens undergoes deep cutbacks and online sales continue gaining share.



By Porter Anderson, Editor-in-Chief | @Porter_Anderson

In Venice: 'The Great Challenges'

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n January 22, as *Publishing Perspectives* readers will recall, the Association of Italian Publishers (*Associazione Italiana Editori*, AIE) joined in Rome with the Federation of Italian Newspaper Publishers (*Federazione Italiana Editori Giornali*, FIEG) to

presented the distressing results of a newly commissioned study on the impact of piracy in the Italian market.

On Friday (January 31), the AIE convened in Venice at the Fondazione Giorgio Cina on the Isola di San Giorgio Maggiore to some happier news, in the association's 2019 report on the Italian book business' performance in 2019.



Top-line figures include:

- For the first time since 2010, trade channel sales were up 3.4 percent, inclusive of libraries, mass retailers, and online stores
- Those data points mean that the business has surpassed its previous high of €1.4 billion in 2011 with €1.5 billion

Per the January figures on piracy, however, it's estimated that the Italian book business is losing as much as 23 percent of its market to piracy.



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'To Be a Bookseller'

The 2019 figures are a collaboration between the AIE and Nielsen, and the presentation was made in Venice to coincide with the final day of the 37th session of the Umberto and Elisabetta Mauri School for Booksellers.



This year themed on "The Great Challenges," the

closing events included a roundtable with speakers AIE chief Ricardo Franco Levi and James Daunt, CEO of Waterstones and Barnes & Noble; Hachette Livre chair and CEO Arnaud Nourry, speaking on his vision of the industry's future; and Indian author Amitav Ghosh, whose intervention was titled "Books and Their Future in an Era of Catastrophe."

The school and its specialized study, *Il Seminario della Scuola per Librai Umberto e Elisabetta Mauri*, has since 1984 organized 318 sessions totaling 3,597 lecture hours for 6,008 students and 2,043 bookstores. As such, the winter conclusion of its program takes the form of a kind of summit in which the previous year's market performance can factor into the debate.

"To be a bookseller," the Mauri school reports, "it's not enough to be a cultured person or skilled trader or manager. Being a bookseller above all means having the ability to convey curiosity and sensitivity" for publishing's stories in a world that features "uninterrupted storytelling" elsewhere.

In other words, the competition has arrived in the form of various digital entertainments' narratives and their glowing appeal to so many. In order to hold books' and reading's place in this new maelstrom of attractive storytelling in film, television, video, gaming, and more, bookselling must find ways to make its offer attractive.

Highlights of the 2019 Italian Market Report



In Florence, the Uffizi Gallery uses some of its collection's cherubic faces to vie with other cultural offerings for Italy's teen cultural benefit, the 18App bonus. Image: Gallerie degli Uffizi

In a prepared statement, Levi was quoted, saying, "Our good 2019 numbers testify to the work done by publishers in recent years to recover the ground we lost during the [financial] crisis

"At the same time, the data on the reading, the continuing fragility of the libraries and the retail industry, and the scourge of piracy require significant public intervention in support of the book world."

Several trend lines can be discerned in the day's presentation.

Exports of Italian content. Here, the association and Nielsen cite a 4.9-percent increase in print formats, comprising €90.1 million, up 3.4 percent. The association also reports that the market for ebooks was worth €71 million, up 6 percent over 2018's figures. The AIE points out that the 6-percent rise in ebooks' performance in Italy outdid a 2-percent rise in France and an increase of 1.4 percent in Germany.

Libraries and online sales growth. Online retail in 2019 accounted for some 26.7 percent of sales in Italy, and that's up 2.7 percent from 2018. Libraries continued to lose share at 66.3 percent, down 2.8 percent—almost exactly the amount that online sales rose.

A kind of transfer in distribution and content exposure has been underway for years in this regard, apparently. Over the past decade, the Italian market, the report revealed, has seen the online share of sales in books go from 3.8 percent of the market to that 26.7 percent. And this has paralleled a shrinking number of active libraries, down from 3,544 in 2012 to 3,299 in 2017.

In Italy, the development of online commerce, it should be remembered, had a somewhat slower start than in some other markets, because the northern Lombardy region developed its online chops much more quickly than the more southerly parts of the peninsula. We may see deeper online

penetration in years to come, as the inevitable gravity of digital development continues to overtake more of the market.

Categories, up and down. One distinguishing factor in the relatively compact and well-reported Italian market is that adult fiction continues to perform strongly. Nevertheless, nonfiction seems to be outpacing fiction, even as it does so in many other world industry markets. What's more, Italians continue to read less fiction from outside their own country.

A breakdown of category sales includes these points in 2019 data from the AIE:

- Fiction: Up 7.3 percent, at €205.9 million and 13.8 million units sold, up 6.2 percent
- Nonfiction: Up 9 percent, at €261.3 million and 10.4 million units sold, up 5.1 percent (and this
 category includes textbooks for public exams, psychology and philosophy content
- Imported fiction: Down 1 percent at €251.4 million and 17.3 million units sold, down 2.8 percent
- Children's fiction: Up 3.4 percent at €246.7 million and 20.9 million units sold, up 2.9 percent

18App continues its contributions. *Publishing Perspectives* readers may recall that in 2016, Italy created the so-called "18App" cultural bonus for its citizens turning 18. The bonus provides €500 to be used on "strictly cultural experiences" and has turned out to offer a valuable boost to the books trade.

The AIE reports that in 2018, the 18App was behind some $\[engineents engineents engineents also as $132.4 $$$ million in sales. In 2019, that figure was only slightly down, at $\[engineents engi$

In 2020, however, the association reports, the endowment is being reduced to £160 million from £240 million in 2019 and £290 million in 2018. In short, cutbacks in the 18App program are underway and the AIE warns that "the market impact will be heavy."

It's to be remembered, that even in its heyday, the 18App has been a source of revenue that the arts of Italy had to compete with each other to attract. Evidence of its value is everywhere, as in the page below from the site for Florence's matchless Galerie degli Uffizi.

A last word on piracy. While our report on January 22 had the salient details of the AIE's revelations about the cost of piracy to the Italian market from a survey specially commissioned from Ipsos, Friday's program offered a couple of figures based in bookselling.

With C_{528} million, or 23 percent of the market lost annually to piracy in Italy, the association says, some C_{247} million is in lost sales for bookstores, and as many as 3,600 jobs are lost to publishing because so many citizens don't understand or care that they're consuming illegal content.

If pirated sales returned to the legitimate market, the AIE calculates that Italy could open 120 new libraries, generating 300 new jobs.

More of Publishing Perspectives' coverage of the Italian market is $\frac{here}{}$. And more from us on industry statistics is $\frac{here}{}$.

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Porter Anderson has been named International Trade Press Journalist of the Year in London Book Fair's 2019 International Excellence Awards. He is Editor-in-Chief of Publishing Perspectives. He co-founded The Hot Sheet, a newsletter for trade and indie authors, which now is owned and operated by Jane Friedman. He formerly was Associate Editor for The FutureBook at London's The Bookseller. Anderson also has worked as a senior producer, editor, and anchor with CNN.com, CNN International, and CNN USA, and as an arts critic (National Critics Institute) with The Village Voice and Dallas Times Herald.

Tags: book sales, bookselling, children's books, fiction, Italy, market analysis, nonfiction, piracy, statistics, Umberto and Elisabetta Mauri School

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